

Faculty of Education  
Department Of Arabic  
(English language)  
First Year 2<sup>nd</sup> lec.

Dr. Amany Eldiasty

# Adverbs p. 100

Adverbs modify verbs, adjectives and other adverbs.

1) Adverbs add to the meaning of the verbs

Ex. She drives **quickly**.

**Quickly** is an adverb that adds to the meaning of the verb **drives**

# Adverbs

- Ex. We arrived **early**.
  - **Early** functions as an adverb that modifies the verb **arrived**.
  - It tells us when the action of the verb was performed.
- 
- **Ex.** Write your name **there**.
  - **There** is an adverb. It adds to the meaning of the verb **write**.  
It tells us where the action of the verb is to be performed

# Adverbs

- One of the jobs of the adverbs is to indicate **how**, **when**, or **where** the actions of the verb are performed.
- **Adverbs are often used in asking questions:**
  1. The **manner** in which the action is performed (**how?**)
  2. The **time** at which the action is performed (**when?**)
  3. The **place** at which the action is performed (**where?**)
  4. The **reason** for which the action is performed (**why?**)

## 2)Adverbs add to the meanings of adjectives

- Examples:
- Is this room **too** hot for you?

**Hot** is adjective modifying the noun “**room**”. The word “**too**” functions as an **adverb** modifying the adjective “**hot**”.

- You are **quite** right.

The word “**Right**” is an adjective. “**Quite**” functions as an **adverb** modifying the adjective “**right**”.

### 3) Adverbs add to the meanings of other adverbs

- Examples:
- He arrived **too late**.
- The sentence has two adverbs. The word “**late**” is an **adverb** modifying the action of verb **arrived**. The word “**Too**” also functions as an **adverb**. It adds to the meaning of the adverb “**late**”.
- She paints **extremely well**.
- The sentence has two adverbs. The word “**well**” is an **adverb** modifying the action denoted by the verb **paints**. The word “**extremely**” also functions as an **adverb**. It adds to the meaning of the adverb “**well**.”

# Is it an adjective or an adverb?

- They arrived at the theatre **late**.

The word “late” is an adverb modifying the action denoted by the verb “arrived.”

- Their **late** arrival disturbs us.
- The word “late” is an adjective modifying the noun “arrival”.

# Test1

# P. 104

- Please read the exercises on page 104. Identify the adverbs in these sentences and name the verb, adjective or adverb modified by each.
- The first sentence is done for you.

1. Did you have to wait long?

The word “long” is a **adverb**. It modifies the **verb** “wait”.

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10.....



# Test 2 P.104

- Read the sentences on page 104, then decide which of the *italicized* words are adjectives and which are adverbs? Give reasons for your answers. The first pair of sentences are done for you!

- 1. The favourite came *last* in the three o'clock race.

The word “*last*” functions as an adverb. It modifies the verb “*came*”.

- 2. The favourite was the *last* horse in the three o'clock race.

The word “*last*” functions as an adjective because it modifies the noun “*horse*”.

# Test 2

P. 104

- 3.....
- 4.....
- 5.....
- 6....
- 7.....
- 8....
- 9....
- 10....

# Thank You

All the best!

Dr. Amany Eldiasty

[amanyeldiasty@du.edu.eg](mailto:amanyeldiasty@du.edu.eg)