

**Answer the Following Questions:**

**Question ONE:**

(18 marks)

**A- Put ✓ or × and correct the false**

(10 marks)

- 1) Bio remediation does not rely on the natural abilities of soil micro-organisms.
- 2) Organic pollutants are persistent and can not be degraded in the environment by natural processes.
- 3) the food transform is a traditional biotechnology.
- 4) The cell fusion technology is a traditional biotechnology .
- 5) In all parts of the atmosphere the air composition is stable.
- 6) Bioremediation can be effective only where environmental conditions permit microbial growth and activity.
- 7) Biotic factors in the natural environment depend on external factors such as temperature and humidity.
- 8) If the biotic potential of the population decreases, the biodiversity balance will increase.
- 9) Bioremediation is the process of decontaminating polluted sites through the addition of only exogenous microorganism.
- 10) The use of bioremediation technologies has rapidly increased over the past decade.

**B- Identify the following items**

(8 marks)

- 1) Ecobiotechnology.
- 2) Microbiocenosis-
- 3) Biodeterioration .
- 4) Slurry reactors

**Question TWO:**

(16 marks)

**Answer the following items:**

- 1) Compare between biodegradation and bioremediation?
- 2) There are many Advantages and dis advantages of ex-situ bioremediation, discuss?
- 3) Land farming is an ex-situ bioremediation technique, comment?

**Question THREE:**

(12 marks)

**Complete the missing parts: .....**

- The rate of application of new aspects of biotechnology will depend on.....(1).....
- The three main layers of biosphere are .....(2).....
- Biotopes are divided into .....(3).....

- 8- According to the classical concepts, a gene is a unit of
- physiological functions
  - transmission or segregation of characters
  - mutation
  - all the pervious may be true
- 9- At this stage of mechanism, molecules enter inside the microbial cells metabolic reactions produce energy (ATP):
- Mineralization
  - Assimilation
  - Biofragmentation
  - all the pervious not true
- 10- To treat a soil contaminant, the environment and the microorganisms in it are left undisturbed. What is the best description of this process?
- Natural attenuation
  - Biostimulation
  - Bioaugmentation
  - Ex-situ bioremediation
- 11- Which one is NOT used for bio-remediation?
- Bacteria
  - Fungi
  - Plants
  - seashells
- 12- To treat a soil contaminant, the soil is removed from the site and water, oxygen, and nitrogen fertilizer are added to support bioremediation. What is the best description of this process?
- Ex-situ bioremediation
  - In-situ bioremediation
  - Natural attenuation
  - Not bioremediation
- 13- This cleanup approach includes removal of groundwater or soil from its natural setting to permit for bioremediation?
- Bioaugmentation
  - In-situ bioremediation
  - ex situ bioremediation
  - Phytoremediation
- 14- The bioremediation process involving the usage of plants to degrade pollutants is?
- Composting
  - Biopile
  - Phytoremediation
  - Land farming

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*With Best Wishes*

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