

Department of chemistry
Bioanalytical Chemistry (423 C)
Marks: 70
Time: 2 hours



Faculty of science

1st Semester 2024/2025
Date: December 29, 2024
Group: 4th year students (Minor Chemistry)

Answer ALL the following questions

The Exam is on THREE pages

Part (I)

Question One: choose the most appropriate answer (1.5 points each)

(15 marks)

- 1) The sensitivity of a biosensor is limited to
a) the type of recognition element c) the sensor's design
b) the type of the transducer d) (b and c)
- 2) The fourth generation-based glucometer is a kind of sensor that is based on ----- as a recognition element
a) enzyme b) DNA c) antibody d) nanozyme
- 3) ----- selectively recognize the target of interest
a) Detector b) Transducer c) Recognition molecules d) Amplifier
- 4) ----- immunosensor offered the advantages of low cost and label-free format
a) Direct b) sandwich c) competitive d) (a, b, c)
- 5) Bacteriophage is employed in biosensing as a -----
a) recognition molecule b) transducer c) scaffold d) (a & c)
- 6) Biosensors could be categorized according to the transduction mechanism into
a) electrochemical b) optical c) mass-based d) (a, b, and c)
- 7) Enzyme-based biosensors refer to-----
a) potentiometric b) amperometric c) conductimetric d) impedimetric
- 8) The biorecognition & transduction in the Hepatitis C virus test are
a) affinity, colorimetry c) catalytic, colorimetry
b) catalytic, fluorescent d) affinity, amperometry
- 9) Signal amplification is highly desired to improve the sensor's
a) selectivity b) sensitivity c) stability d) (a & c)
- 10) A DNA-based biosensor is constructed by ----- and used for -----
a) Single DNA sequence, gene mutation detection c) aptamer, gene mutation detection
b) antibody, protein detection d) enzyme, protein detection

Question Two: Indicate which statements are True or False (1 point each)

(10 mark

- 1) The aptasensor's design is limited to the target analyte and the length of the aptamer sequence. (✓)
- 2) The current personal glucometer is based on the oxidation of hydrogen peroxide. (✓)
- 3) Glutaraldehyde is used to link Ab to the carboxylate-modified electrode. (✗)
- 4) Phage-based biosensors are stable and selective. (✓)
- 5) ELISA includes only an immunochemical reaction (✗)
- 6) LFA offers a long shelf life *long* (✓)
- 7) DNA-based biosensors are always fluorescent-labeled (✓)
- 8) The standard addition method is preferred to analyze the analyte in a crude sample. *preferred* (✓)
- 9) Glucose can be estimated using colorimetry in the presence of horseradish peroxidase. (✓)
- 10) Antibodies can be conjugated to various functional groups without changing their affinity. (✓)

Question Three: Answer the following questions (5 points each)

(10 marks)

- 1) Construction of an ideal biosensor is an important issue in biotechnology, Discuss. *related with chemical and/or biological*
- 2) Compare between aptamer and antibody. Which of them is better to use in biosensors in your opinion?

aptamer

Anti Body

With my best wishes
Dr. Reda Elshafey

Q 4) Choose the correct answer for the following (15 Marks)

- 1- The process which used for increasing the sensitivity was called
 a) Separation b) Oxidation c) Reduction Preconcentration
- 2- The functional groups which used for ion exchanger were
 a) OH&NR₂ SO₂H&COOH c) -NO₂&NH₂ d- COOH&NR₂
- 3- Its separation process depends on degree of crosslinkage of stationary phase
 PAGE b) HPLC c) GC d) IE
- 4- Boiling points of components were the main factors for separation using in
 a) HPLC b) IE GC d) PAGE
- 5- Rate theory is based on
 a) Number of theoretical plate b) Electrical mobility Flow rate d) Charge density
- 6- Matter which prevent the sample components from the column chromatography
 a) Mobile Stationary c) Plasma d) Eluent
- 7- Its separation depends on the process of partition and adsorption at the same time
 a) TLC b) HPLC c) GC PAGE
- 8- The separation mechanisms for the paper chromatography was
 a) Size/Charge Partition/Adsorption c) Partition/Exchange d) Adsorption/Charge
- 9- The area of chromatogram curve was used for
 a) Detection b) Determination a and b d- None of these
- 10- Amino acids were changed to charge molecules in
 a) Alkaline medium b) Acidic medium a and b d) None of these

Q 5) Choose the True or False word for the following (10 Marks)

- 1- PAGE is based on the differential migration of the individual components. ✗
- 2- Protein sample were soaked in acidic medium before electrophoresis extraction. ✗
- 3- Agrose and sphadex are good materials used in ion exchanger stationary phase. ✗
- 4- The distillation range is point at which occur adsorption and desorption ✓
- 5- Separation by ion exchange method depends on the valence and ionic size. ✓
- 6- Eluent moves by the influence of gravity or capillary in paper Chromatography. ✗
- 7- The components were detected through retention time of chromatograms. ✓
- 8- The column chromatography is distinguished by a large length of the columns. ✓
- 9- The deprotonating of amino acids were occurred in alkaline medium. ✓
- 10- Selective method depends on elimination of interfering ions through separation > ✓

Q 6) Explain the separation of amino acids sample by using electrophoresis in alkaline medium (10 Marks)

acidic deprot

مع تمنياتي بالتوفيق والنجاح

1- فصل العينات
 2- غسل الجيل الكاتودونوليسيس
 3- أخذ العينات في حقل ديبروتونيشن للأحماض
 4- فصل الكاتاليسيس في الجيل الكاتودونوليسيس
 5- فصل العينات في حقل التيار
 6- الأيونات السالبة تتحرك إلى القطب الموجب

deprate

amino acid → alkaline medium

Current

Negative Part